	LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034
	M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION – ECONOMICS
	FIRST SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2007
	EC 1806 - MICRO ECONOMIC THEORY - I AN 18
	Date : 25/10/2007 Dept. No. Max. : 100 Marks
PART – AAnswer any FIVE questions in about 75 words each. $(5 \ge 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$	
1.	"Economics is what Economists do" – Comment.
2.	What do you understand by Static and Dynamic analysis?
3.	Write a short note on Markowitz hypothesis.
4.	Define Inferior Goods and Giffen Good.
5.	Distinguish between returns to scale and returns to a factor.
6.	List out the features of Oligopoly.
7.	A biscuit producing company has the following total cost function TC = $150+200Q-9Q^2+0.25Q^3$. Determine Marginal Cost and Average Total Cost functions.
An	PART – Baswer any FOUR questions in about 250 words each. $(4 \ge 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$
8.	Distinguish between economies and diseconomies of scale and explain the factors responsible for the same.
9.	Bring out the possibilities of getting corner equilibrium in the indifference curve analysis.
10	. Explain the method of constructing Neumann-Morgenstern Utility Index under risky situations.
11.	Analyse the properties of Indifference curve.
12	Bring out the First and Second order conditions for stable equilibrium of a profit maximizing firm.
13.	Elucidate the shutdown point for a firm in the perfectly competitive market.
14.	. Utility function of an individual is given by $U = f(x, y) = x^3/4 y t^4$. Find out the optimal quantities of the two goods, using Lagrangian method, if it is given that price of good x is Rs. 6 per unit price of good y is Rs. 3 per unit and income of the individual (I) is equal to Rs. 120.
An	PART - Caswer any TWO questions in about 900 words. $(2 \ge 20 = 40 \text{ marks})$
15.	Discuss the methods of Economic analysis. Are they complementary?
16	. Derive the demand curve using the Principle of Equi-Marginal Utility.
17.	. Compare the Marshall's partial equilibrium analysis with the Walrasian general equilibrium analysis.
18.	. Critically examine Friedman-Savage Hypothesis.
	X